

The Kitchen Guide

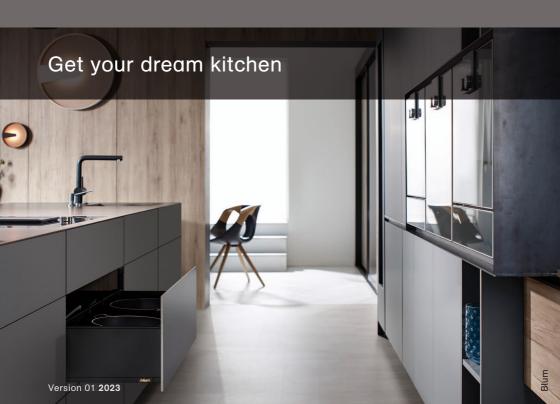




Table of contents

1. Prologue	5
2. Guide	7–17
Basics	
What you should pay attention to	7
Floor plans	
A variety of possibilities	8
Design	
Fronts, covers, handles and light	13
Furniture	
Functionality and technology	15
Devices	
Leave nothing to be desired	17
3. Appendix	18–27
Checklist	
How to prepare	18
Grid template	
Floor plan grid for planning	24
Encyclopaedia	
The Kitchen ABC	26



Prologue

If you are currently considering buying a new kitchen or remodelling, you are about to make a long-term investment. Both structured and good preparation as well as thinking about your current and future needs are crucial for your project to be successful. This guide serves as a preparation aid for the first conversation with your kitchen specialist.

Your kitchen specialist has extensive experience and versatile knowledge. He deals with the kitchen, cooking, design and functionality on a daily basis. This is the foundation for understanding your needs and visions and giving them shape within the framework of a planning project. You can find the right partner in your area at www.kueche-schweiz.ch under the heading «Küchenprofi finden».

This kitchen guide will support you to prepare for the first meeting with your kitchen specialist. It provides basic knowledge and shows opportunities and limits. The kitchen guide helps to ensure that your ideas and visions are turned into your perfect kitchen, one that meets your needs and desires.

Using the information from the joint consultation, your kitchen specialist will draw up a plan with a quotation that reflects your wishes. Planning is a process that requires creativity, technical knowledge and time to implement your ideas. The offer is the result of extensive considerations, clarifications and calculations.

Every member of the industry association will competently meet the diverse and often complex requirements that exist around a new kitchen in every respect. We wish you every success on the way to your new kitchen.

Yours sincerely

Rainer Klein

CEO Küche Schweiz



Basics What you should pay attention to

Your new kitchen is a long-term investment. The quality of the workmanship is therefore particularly important. The total costs over a kitchen's life-cycle weighs more than the pure procurement costs. It is particularly important that you have a reliable kitchen specialist as a partner at your side, who will guide you expertly through this process, advise you and look after your interests.

So that your wishes and ideas can be harmonised with the possibilities of the spatial conditions, several consultation meetings usually take place.

The clearer you express your wishes and needs, the more focused and effective the kitchen specialist submits an initial design proposal to you. This already contains a high level of detail and is meaningful. Associated with this are planning and creative services, clarifications and much more. It is customary and justified that you can be charged for this service.

The more carefully the planning and the quotation are prepared, the fewer the construction errors, defects and unpleasant follow-up costs. A good kitchen specialist provides all the necessary services. Build on the know-how of the specialist in the planning, coordination and organisation (architect, craftsmen) of your kitchen construction. Then you will enjoy your new kitchen every day for years to come.

Floor plans A variety of possibilities

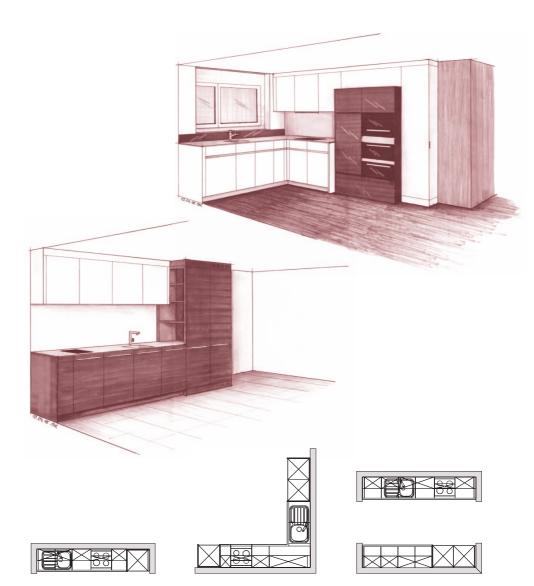
The kitchen as a workshop, meeting place and place where cooking is celebrated should always be designed in such a way that the main activity is oriented towards the view or towards communication (table / living room). The kitchen work is divided into 70% in the area of preparation, washing and 30% in the area of cooking.

When planning, make sure that the walkways are short and that the arrangement of the furniture and appliances is ergonomic for your work processes. Sketch your dream kitchen in as much detail as possible and discuss it with your specialist. He knows the planning principles, uses every space optimally and implements your visions in the best possible way.

Illustratios: Kisslina AG. Reiden

Things to consider when planning the kitchen

- Possible change of floor covering during conversion
- Radiators and window heights
- Collision hazards in the corners
- A representative eat-in kitchen requires around 18 to 25 square metres



1 Single line kitchen

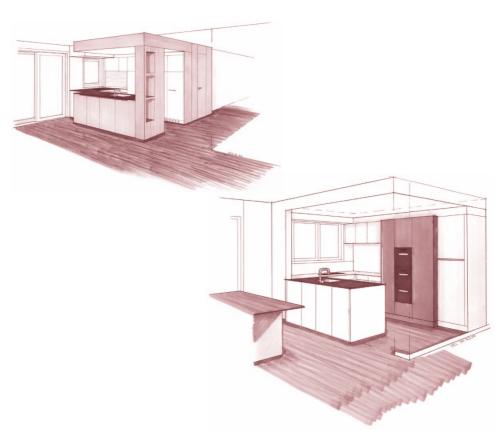
Suitable for smaller flats or flats with only one movable wall. All functions in the smallest space. Creative solutions are also possible here.

2 L-shaped kitchen

With this versatile kitchen shape, the distances are short and many planning variations are possible. This kitchen shape is particularly suitable for rooms that have two or more doors.

3a Two-line kitchen

More space means more work surfaces. The two-row arrangement opens up a wide range of design options and enables optimum use of space. This variant is ideal if there are doors or windows on the narrow sides of the room.

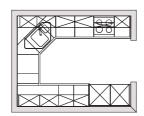






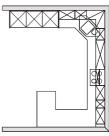
3b Two-line kitchen in the open space (with fixed wall)

Wall-mounted functions such as refrigerator, oven, steamer, food processors, provisions, etc. Free-standing island with washing and cooking centre (can be used on two sides).



4 U-shaped kitchen

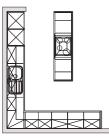
With sufficient space, the U-shape offers a particularly large amount of work surface and storage space in the kitchen and allows optimal working.



5 Kitchen with peninsula

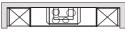
If the kitchen and living/dining area flow into each other, this floor plan is ideal, with the peninsula often taking on the function of a visual room divider.







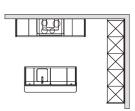
If at least 15 m² are available, then this architecturally representative variant is a good choice. The island can be planned purely as a preparation centre or with a hob. In this case, modern systems that replace the extractor bonnet are suitable.





The two-line kitchen with wash and work island

This division creates a generous central work surface with a water point. It is possible to work on it from all sides. The tall cupboards with oven and refrigerator are positioned to the left and right of the cooking area.



Kitchen with three work centres

On one side, the tall cupboards for cooling, baking and steaming (coffee machine and kitchen utensils). On the other side, the wall unit as a cooker. And the washing or work island as a preparation centre.



Design Fronts, covers, handles and light

Social developments, new ways of living and technical innovations shape kitchen trends. Harmony, function and matching design are in the sensibilities of each individual. The range of colours, shapes and materials has never been as extensive as it is today.

In its showroom, the kitchen specialist presents the diverse materials and shapes to you. Take a look at the built-in reference kitchens and realise your ideas in your own personal style. Your kitchen specialist knows the latest products and trends and will help you make the right choice.

Tips for your kitchen construction

- All users have a say in the planning and design process
- Take into account the lighting conditions of the room
- Compare LED lighting systems
- Check handles or handleless systems for functionality



Furniture Functionality and technology

Whether living, dining or working kitchen: thanks to today's technology, form and function are combined.

Let the kitchen specialist show you the range of technical and practical refinements. Drawers with soft-closing mechanisms, pull-outs for tall cabinets, corner solutions, waste separation systems and much more contribute to effortless cooking pleasure.

Hints for the practical kitchen

- Enough work surface between cooking and washing
- Ergonomics adapted to the body size of the user
- Making optimal use of corner solutions
- Planning task area lighting
- Provide work sockets



Devices

Leave nothing to be desired

Your kitchen specialist will introduce you to the latest cooking, cooking and refrigeration technologies, taking your individual cooking habits into account. Exhaust air or recirculation, bonnet or hob extractor? Your kitchen specialist will show you which extractor hood solution is right for you.

Whether it's ovens, steam cooking or steam baking appliances, combi ovens, microwaves, refrigerators, energy- and water-saving dishwashers, induction hobs, table top grills, the water boiling or carbonated from the tap and much more, your kitchen specialist knows the extensive range and can give you the best advice.

Useful tips for your cooking pleasure

- Get to grips with the new cooking techniques and your habits
- Ensure exhaust air ducts in new design
- Consider the overall ventilation concept for all zones (living room, kitchen and wet zone) at an early stage of planning
- Optimise sanitary pipe routing
- Provide controlled ventilation for Minergie exhaust air to prevent problems with the fireplace.
- If Minergie certification is planned, the requirements and standards should already be taken into account during the planning phase.

Checklist How to prepare

The checklist and your notes are the basics for the kitchen professional to record your needs and visions and to advise you optimally for your dream kitchen.

General information	Do you have pets in the household?
How many people are in your household?	■ If so, which ones?
■ Number:	What space do the pets need
How many people are cooking at the same time? Number:	in the kitchen? To eat As a sleeping place
How many people are cooked for regularly? Number:	What is your shopping behaviour? ■ Large quantities and volumes ■ Regularly in smaller quantities
How and how often is cooking done? Daily Rarely Occasional Professional	Storage space planning – what is your space requirement for food storage High Medium Low
■ Hobbylike	Church and about the
 With minimal effort What is the kitchen used for? To cook To eat 	Structural changes Where is the kitchen located? In old building (renovation) In new building
■ For living	How many years do you want the new
■ To work	kitchen to last?
Other:	Number:

Are there any structural changes planned in your kitchen? No Yes, which one?	Kitchen equipment If you want to eat in your kitchen: Size of the kitchen table? Only for small meals For larger meals Length x width (cm):
	For how many people? Number:
	How would you like the table? ■ Free standing ■ Attached
	What do you absolutely want your kitchen to be equipped with? Slim drawers
What is specifically emphasised? Environmentally friendly materials	Number: Wide drawers Number:
Energy SavingEase of careAestheticsSpaciousness	 Bottle extract Pan drawer Supply excerpt Storage cupboard
For new construction How should the new kitchen be placed? Open to the living room Semi-open to the living space Closed and separable from the living room	 High cupboards with shelves Cleaning cupboard Waste system Towel compartment Pass-through Other:
What shape should the kitchen have? ■ One-line kitchen	
■ Kitchen in L-shape	
■ Two-line kitchen	
Two-line kitchen in open space	
(with fixed wall) ■ U-shaped kitchen	
■ Kitchen with peninsula	
Kitchen with cooking island	
■ Two-line kitchen with wash	

and work island

■ Kitchen with three work centres

Required storage space:

a lot	medium	little
		a lot medium

Devices

For cooking:

- Glass ceramic hob
- Induction hob
- Wood cooker
- Gas cooker
- Wok trough
- Teppan Yaki

For baking:

- Oven at working height
- Self-cleaning oven
- Microwave oven
- Combi microwave
- Steam cooker/steamer
- Combistegmer

For cooling:

- Working height
- Refrigerator without freezer compartment
- Refrigerator with freezer compartment
- 2-door refrigerator and freezer
- Separate freezer
- Free standing refrigerator
- 130-140 litres
- 190-220 litres
- 240-260 litres
- 260-320 litres
- Zero degree zone
- Wine cabinet

Dishwasher:

- Ergonomically built in
- Large space
- With cutlery drawer
- With programme for partial loading

Extractor bonnet:

- Extendable
- On the wall
- Built in hob
- Island bonnet
- Exhaust bonnet (Hutte)
- Recirculation bonnet (no exhaust duct)
- Table fan
- Ceiling fan

Other devices:

- Ice cream maker
- Coffee maker
- Warming drawer
- Sound system
- Other:

Apparatus marks:

Sink	Colours
■ 1 Basin	■ Bright
■ 2 Basin	Dark
Large sink	■ Strong
Residual basin	■ Subtle
Basin with residual spout	■ Warm
Draining surface	■ Cool
■ Integrated washing-up liquid dispenser	Contrasting
Other:	Other:
Fitting	Licht / Beleuchtung
■ Mixer with swivel spout	■ Window
■ Mixer with additional pull-out	Ceiling spots
spout/shower	■ Ceiling lights
■ Electronic control	LED lighting system
(infrared, touch, etc.)	■ Wall lights
Prewindow solution	Lamps on wall units
Cooking water from the tap	Interior lighting of the cabinets
■ Soda from tap	■ Work surface lighting
Lighting	Dimmable
Other:	Special lighting throughout the kitchen. Description:
Style	
■ Modern	
■ Minimalist	
Rustic	
Mediterranean	
Retro	
Fancy	
Other:	

Mineral Materials **Materials** Composite materials Kitchen fronts: Other: Synthetic resin gloss Synthetic resin matt Synthetic resin structure High gloss lacquer **During conversion** Lacquer matt On which wall are the water installations Varnish structure located? ■ Wood Description: Metal coloured Stainless steel Glass Other: Work surfaces (covering the substructures): Granite, natural stones Mineral materials (Corian / iMacs / Varicor / Staron etc.) How is the room heated? Concrete ■ Chrome steel (stainless steel etc.) Floor heating Heating under the window Synthetic resin Before a wall Composite materials (Silestone/CaesarStone/Zodiaq etc.) In a wall niche Ceramics (Dekton etc.) How many sockets are needed? ■ Wood Number: _____ Full core panel Do you have plans, floor plan sketches? ■ Glass (Acilux/Floatlux etc.) Yes Other: ■ No Investment / budget Back wall: Plates How much do you want to invest? About francs: Plaster

- Wood
- Glass
- LED illuminated glass back panels
- Glass with individual digital print
- Mirror
- Granite

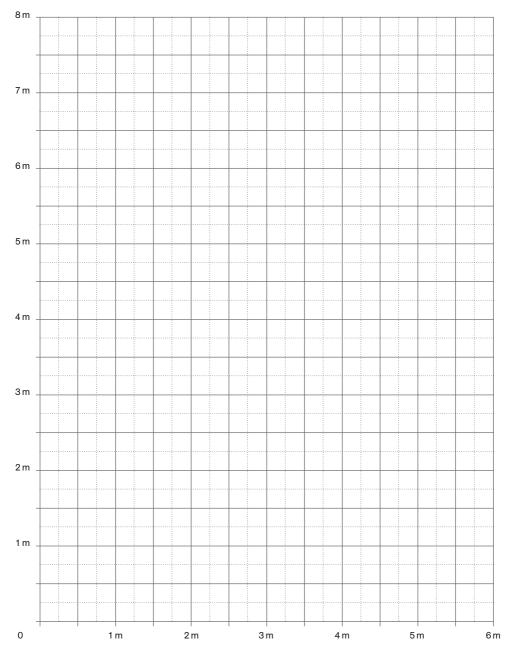
Notes
What bothers you about your current kitchen?
What do you find particularly good?
More notes

Grid template Floor plan grid for planning

Object designation
Name building owner
Street
Postcode/Place
Phone
Mobile
E-mail
Enter the dimensions and details below
Room size (length x width x height)
Teem elee (length x math x neight)
Windows (height of sill, window height and width)
Doors (width, height, opening side)
Radiator (width, height, depth)
Wall projections (width, height, depth)
Connections (water, electrical, ventilation)
Notes

Enter the shape of your floor plan and the dimensions here:

Scale 1:50 (1 cm corresponds to 50 cm in reality)



Encyclopaedia The Kitchen ABC

Here you will find a brief explanation of the most important terms relating to the kitchen.

Activated carbon filter	Filter containing activated carbon. Activated carbon is porous and fine-grained. It binds disturbing odour particles and purifies the room air. Activated carbon filters have a shelf life of between 3 months and 5 years, depending on the manufacturer.
Battery	Synonym for faucet, also called mixer tap, e.g. faucet with regulation device of cold and hot water.
Blumotion	Soft-closing system for drawers and doors. Made by Blum
By-pass	Laterally adjustable balancing piece on the wall
Carcase	Furniture without front
Catalysis	A «self-cleaning» of the oven. Coated catalytic plates in the oven absorb grease splashes and vapours. These are burnt off during the baking process.
Ceiling trim	End between ceiling and wall units/high cupboards
Ceramic hob	Common expression for glass ceramic hob
Chipboard	Wood chips pressed into boards with the addition of synthetic resin glue
Chrome steel (CNS)	Stainless steel mixed with chrome/nickel
Coated	A (synthetic resin) coating that is glued to both sides of a substrate (usually chipboard).
Convection oven	Air heated internally by top and bottom heat, circulated with fan
Covered	Base material, usually chipboard or glued-on synthetic resin boards with a thickness of \pm 0.8 cm. These are produced by kitchen manufacturers or suppliers
Decorative frame	Metal frame for fixing a front covering (synthetic resin 0.8 mm)
Drawer cushioning	Active cushioning of drawer retraction
Drip section	Tray for draining wet dishes
ESG	Toughened safety glass; specially tempered glass, more resistant to impact and heat than normal float glass.
Factory-glued	Factory-glued synthetic resin panel, thickness mostly approx. 0.4 mm
Faucet	For example, water faucet or kitchen faucet
Float glass	Transparent greenish shimmering window glass
Foil fronts	Thin plastic foils seamlessly drawn over kitchen fronts
Fronts	Furniture doors and drawer fronts
Fully integrated	Pre-assembled furniture front for dishwashers and refrigerators. This means that the appliance is not visible from the outside.
Glass rear wall	Glass back panel behind kitchen cover

Gneiss	Laminated stone, only conditionally suitable for kitchen tops
Granite	Hard rock/deep rock, suitable for kitchen tops
Hardwood	Wood with a high specific density
Hinges	Rotating attachment for fronts on kitchen furniture
Hot air	Air heated in the rear part of the baking chamber. This is blown through a fan into the entire baking chamber.
Lacobel glass	Brand name for float glass with white or coloured sprayed reverse side
Longlife-activated- carbon-filter	Regenerable activated charcoal filter with a service life of approx. 3 years.
Marble	Crystallised limestone. Not suitable for kitchen tops
MDF board	Medium-density fibreboard, wood fibreboard produced with binder (glue)
Microwaves	Electronic waves that heat water molecules by oscillation
Mixer tap	Water tap with single-lever mixer for hot and cold water
Multiplex	Thin wooden boards glued crosswise to each other
Partially integrated	Pre-assembled furniture front for dishwashers and refrigerators. The control panel remains visible.
Planilaque	Brand name for a lacquered float glass. The opaque, coloured lacquer layer is applied to the back of the glass.
Plastic	Colloquially (hard) plastic, a malleable material that allows the manufacture of a wide variety of products and shapes.
Plinth	Supporting substructure for kitchen furniture
Pyrolysis	Oven self-cleaning by heating the baking chamber to 500°C
Recirculation extractor hood	The steam produced during cooking enters the extractor hood. The steam passes through a grease filter and an activated charcoal filter. The latter binds unpleasant odour particles in the steam. The purified steam is returned to the living space.
Satinato glass	Roughened glass on one side (frosted glass)
Shelf	Open furniture element
Sinks	Water basin
Solid wood fronts	Fronts with continuous wooden panels, mostly with frame and infill panel
Steam cooking/steamer	Cooking with steam (with or without pressure)
Synthetic resin	Glued phenolic resin impregnated paper layers with decorative layer
Synthetic resin edge	Synthetic resin edge
Teppan Yaki	Japanese surface grill with chrome steel plate mounted on cover
Thick edge	Through-dyed plastic edge, 1 – 3 mm thick
Veneer	Thin sheets of hardwood or softwood
Visible side	Visible end side of kitchen furniture, mostly in front design.
VSG	Two or more panes of glass inseparably joined with foil
Wall box	Metal housing for exhaust air, recessed in outer wall
Wok	Curved, Asian cooking pan
Zero degree zone	Special freshness zone in the refrigerator for vegetables and salad



küche cuisine cucina cuschina

Feldmatt 1, 6030 Ebikon, phone +41 41 440 5970, info@kueche-schweiz.ch, www.kueche-schweiz.ch

The images were provided by:













